

MBS items for Myocardial Perfusion Studies (Nuclear Medicine)

From the 1st August 2020, changes are coming in to the item numbers for Myocardial Perfusion Studies (MPS) with new criteria attached.

Request forms will require additional clinical information in order for the study to be rebatable for the patient.

STRESS / REST MPS

Can be referred by GPs and specialists/specialist consultants

- Claimable once every 2 years
- Has any of the following criteria:
 - o Patient has body habitus (obesity) OR
 - o Inability to have Stress Echo OR
 - Unable to exercise OR
 - o Clinical indication as per "STRESS" criteria on page 2

REPEAT STRESS / REST MPS

Can only be referred by specialists or specialist consultants

- Previous stress / rest MPS in the last 12 months, AND
- Undergone revascularisation procedure, AND
- Has any of the following criteria:
 - o Patient has body habitus (obesity) OR
 - o Inability to have Stress Echo OR
 - o Unable to exercise OR
 - o Clinical indication as per "STRESS" criteria on page 2
- Only claimable once in a 12-month period

To find our Nuclear Medicine locations - go to our online Billing Guide – qldxray.com.au/billingguide



"STRESS" Clinical Indication Criteria

- A. Typical or atypical angina
 - 1) Constricting discomfort in the:
 - i. Front of chest, or
 - ii. Neck, or
 - iii. Shoulders, or
 - iv. Jaw, or
 - v. Arms, or
 - 2) Symptoms precipitated by physical exertion: or
 - 3) Symptoms relieved by rest or GTN (Glyceryl TriNitrate)
- B. Patient has known CAD (Coronary Artery Disease), and displays ischemic symptoms:
 - 1) Not controlled with medical therapy
 - 2) Evolved since last functional study
- C. Qualifies for at least one of the following indications:
 - 1) Patient with congenital heart lesions with reversible ischemia following surgery
 - 2) ECG changes consistent with CAD or ischemia
 - 3) Uncertain functional significance on CTCA
 - 4) Exertional dyspnoea of unknown cause, potential non-CAD
 - 5) Pre-Op assessment in patients with:
 - i. Ischemic heart disease, or previous myocardial infarction
 - ii. Heart failure
 - iii. Stroke or transient ischemia
 - iv. Renal dysfunction (creatinine >70umol/L or creatinine clearance <60ml/min)
 - v. Diabetes requiring insulin
 - 6) Prior to Coronary intervention / bypass surgery
 - 7) Assessment of viable tissue following infarct
 - 8) Before and after cardiac surgery in patients 17yrs or younger
 - 9) Suspected perfusion abnormality in poorly communicative patient